

Developing a Meaningful Compliance Work Plan

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Agenda

- Work Plan Objectives
- Elements used to develop a Work Plan
 - Awareness Survey
 - Effectiveness Evaluation
 - Risk Assessment
- Coordinating with audit, education, policy, and other activities
- Stakeholder engagement



Work Plan Objectives

- To direct compliance and operations staff efforts in the work most critical to eliminate potential areas of vulnerability and to improve compliance program effectiveness
- To determine the adequacy of resources (staff, technology, services) used to address areas of vulnerability
- To ensure structural and substantive assessment of the compliance program



The Work Plan is Not...

- The OIG's Work Plan
- Vendor developed plans
- Results of your Risk Assessment alone
- Static
- Developed in a vacuum



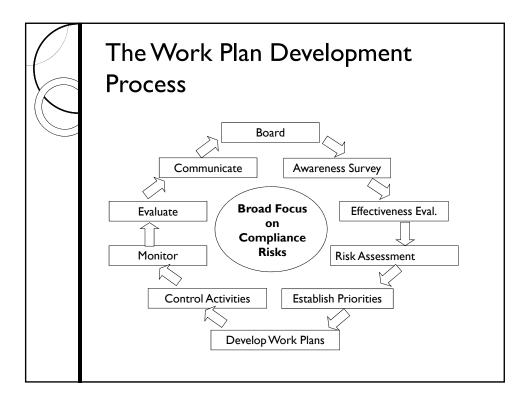
The Work Plan Is...

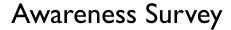
- Reflection of the Organization
 - Mission
 - Strategy
 - Operations
 - Risk Tolerance
- Dynamic
- Engaging



Work Plan Components

- Awareness Survey
- Effectiveness Evaluation
- Risk Assessment
 - · Internal and External Risk Identification
 - Assessment
 - Prioritization
 - Approval
 - Implementation and Tracking
- Strategy and Operational Alignment





- Helps address structural elements of your compliance program
- Companion to Effectiveness Evaluation
- Provides helpful information about dissemination of your program to staff



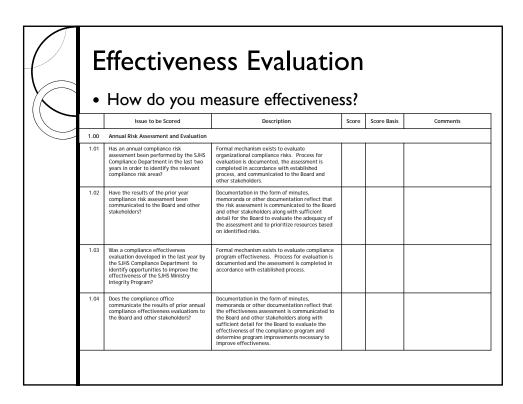
Awareness Survey

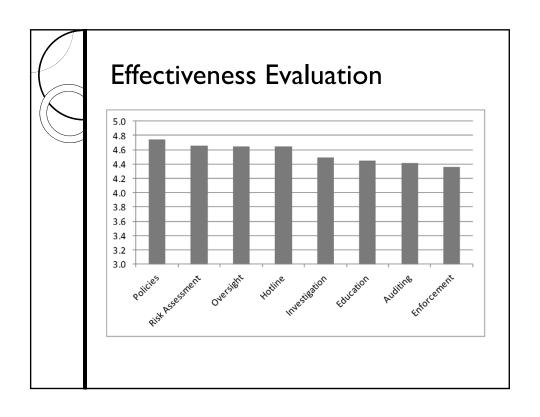
- Short and Simple
- Consider multiple deployment methods
- Typical areas of inquiry
 - Do employees know who the Compliance Officer and Compliance Staff are?
 - Do employees know how to find the Standards of Conduct and Compliance Policies?
 - Do employees know how to report Compliance concerns?
 - Do employees trust that if they report a concern it will be addressed?
 - Do employees think their co-workers, supervisor, and organization leaders act with integrity



Effectiveness Evaluations

- What do you measure?
 - Eight elements (including risk assessment)
 - Authority
 - Policy and Procedures (including Standards of Conduct)
 - Training and Education
 - Reporting
 - Auditing and Monitoring
 - Response and Prevention
 - Enforcement
 - Risk Assessment and Work Plan Development

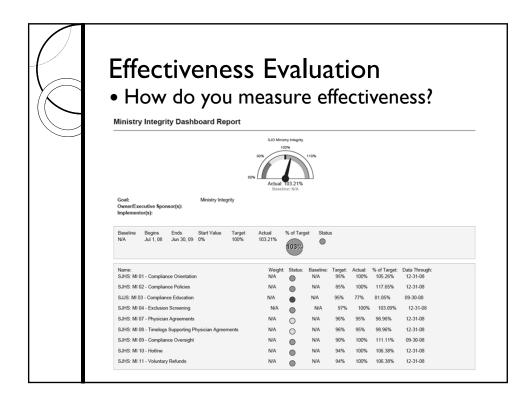


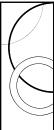




Effectiveness Evaluation

FACTORS	YES	NO	COMMENTS
COMPLIANCE OFFICER AND COMMITTEE			
Does the compliance program have a clear, well-crafted mission?			
Does the compliance program have sufficient resources (staff budget), training, authority and autonomy to carry out its mission?			
Is the relationship between the compliance function and general coursel function appropriate to achieve the purpose of each?			
Is there an active compliance committee, comprised of trained representatives of each relevant function department as well as senior management?			
Are adhoc groups or task forces assigned to carry out special missions, such as conducting an investigation or evaluating a proposed enhancement to the compliance program?			
Does the compliance officer have direct access to the governing body, the Director, all serior management, and legal course!?			
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Effectiveness Evaluation

• How do you measure effectiveness?

Dignity Health Service Area Leaders / Hospital President / Facility Compliance Liaison
COMPLIANCE PROGRAM OBJECTIVES FY2016

Hospital:
President:
FCL:

Compliance is critical to the success of Dignity Health. It is the expectation of Dignity Health's Board and Management that each Service Area Leader. Hospital
President, Facility Compliance Liaison, and Facility Privacy Officer ensure that Dignity Health's annual Compliance Work plan is properly implemented within
herbits sphere of accountability. These objectives generally, and most of the categories below, contain objectives relating to the election of an effective
compliance program as described in the Federal Sentencing Guidelines (Source column). In most cases, the substantive elements also address common issues
identified by the ClG andrier areas determined to be high risk. The Service Area Leader, President and Facility Compliance Liaison of an effective
compliance program as described in the Federal Sentencing Guidelines (Source column). In most cases, the substantive elements also address common issues
identified by the ClG Gradier and Early Compliance Liaison of an effective
compliance program as described an experiment of a compliance objectives unless you obtain a score equal to or greater than 75% of possible points which can be earned below. These are fiscally year
objectives.

Source

Source

Source

New Employees and Applicable Physicians

New hins checked against the OfG/GSA exclusion list and criminal background checks.

New Manager Education (managers and above) - All new managers will participate in
B. mandatory Compliance education within 120 days of hire or promotion into a

Management rule

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B. mandatory Compliance education within 120 days of hire or promotion into a

Management rule

New Manager Education (managers and above) - All new managers and applicable physicians required to complete Annual Compliance

Under 60% = 0

New Manager Education (managers a



Other Methods of Measurement

- Employee Surveys
- Interviews or Focus Groups
- Document Reviews
- Benchmarking against other providers
- Denial Management
- Existing Measures
- Compliance Training Quizzes



Risk Assessment

- Eighth element of an effective compliance program
- Government guidance
 - Federal Sentencing Guidelines
 - "Organizations shall periodically assess the risk of criminal conduct and shall take appropriate steps...
 - OIG Program Guidance
 - "Institutions should consider conducting risk assessments to determine where to devote audit resources..."



Definitions

- Risks Observable events or conditions that may occur and, if they do occur, would have a harmful effect. The impact of a risk should be measurable or definable in specific observable terms (i.e. financial, legal, reputational, etc.)
- Inherent Risk The risk of an event occurring without consideration for internal controls
- Residual Risk The risk that remains after considering current controls



Definitions

- Risk Identification The process by which the universe of risks is identified
 - Audits
 - Literature
 - Enforcement/regulatory
 - Impressions of individuals engaged in the process
- Risk Assessment The process by which identified risks are evaluated and prioritized



Definitions

- Risk Tolerance The amount/type of risk the organization is willing accept
 - Cultural considerations the organizations mission and values
 - Strategic considerations
 - Capacity considerations



Why Conduct a Risk Assessment

- Proactive versus reactive
- Supports enterprise risk management
- Cultural integration
- Raises awareness of program value
- Mitigation of penalties
- Continuous program improvement
- Basis for annual work plan
- Identifies needed resources



Risk Identification

- Surveys
- Interviews
- Prior audit findings
- Prior compliance investigations
- Exit Interviews with separating employees
- External sources



Risk Identification

- Exposures now and in the next 3-5 years
- Key process or functions
- Key strategic initiatives
- Complex studies, processes or functions with multiple stakeholders, hand-offs, control, and authority



Risk Identification

- Open ended surveys or interviews
 - Rely on the expertise of the individual being surveyed
 - $^{\circ}$ Supports a wide range of potential risks
 - Can be difficult to adequately define and compare risks
 - One-on-one interviews allow for additional probing



Risk Identification

- Risk ranking
 - Pre-defined listing of potential risks
 - · Surveys readily available in the market
 - · Quick and easy for participants
 - Be aware this is not a true risk assessment (although it may be sold as one)
 - Be careful not to confuse controls with risks



Risk Identification Controls vs. Risks

- Controls:
 - Policies, procedures, audits, education, management approvals, quality reviews, automation, program structure, etc.
 - Examples:
 - Does the organization have a policy on conflict of interest?
 - Does the organization update the standards of conduct periodically?
 - Are Compliance Committee minutes reviewed?
 - Are procedures in place to identify and address billing misconduct?
 - Who is responsible for monitoring and enforcing adherence to these policies?



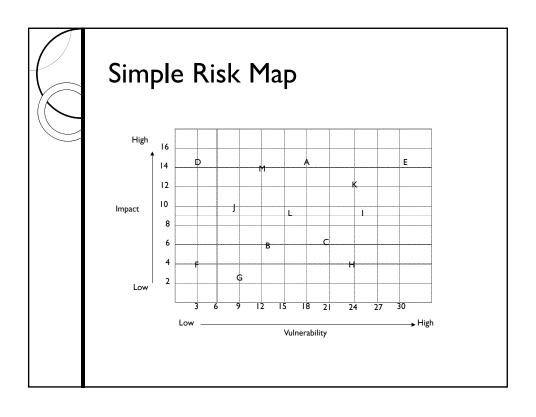
Risk Assessment

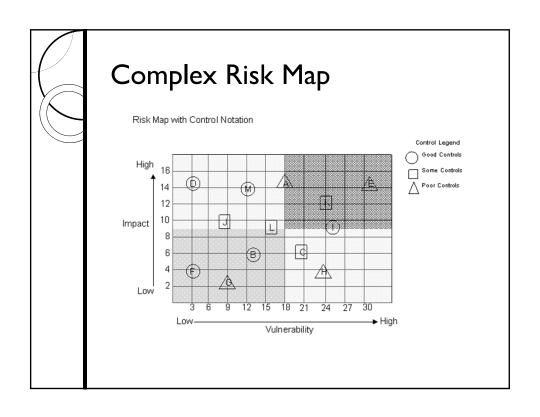
- Impact (Severity)
 - Financial
 - Legal
 - Reputation
 - Operations
 - Strategic
- Vulnerability
 - Likelihood/Frequency/History
 - Complexity
 - Rate of Change
- Controls

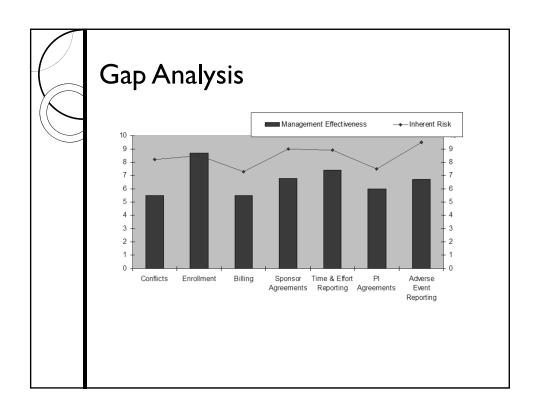


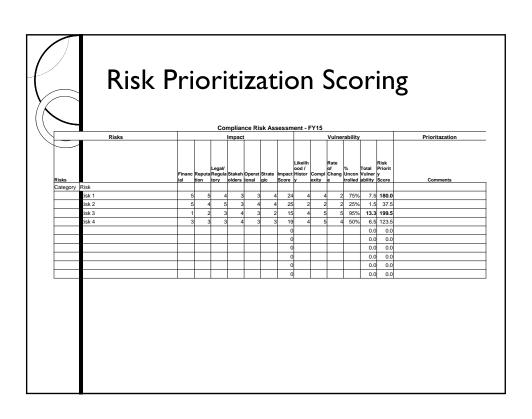
Assessment Tools

- Risk Map
- Gap Analysis
- Risk Prioritization Scoring











Risk Impact

- Severity measure
- Define scoring terms in very specific terms
 - Numeric scoring
 - ∘ High Low
 - Example: High=Loss or additional expense greater than 1% of gross revenue (financial impact)



Vulnerability Scoring

- Consider without controls to understand the inherent risk
- Specific definition of terms (scores)
- Vulnerability may include:
 - · Likelihood of failure
 - · History of failure
 - Rate of change
 - Complexity of process
 - · Detectibality of failure



Evaluating the Control Environments

- Extent of variation
- Routine review or audit of process
- Human factors
 - Standard work
 - Communication, hand-offs, redundancy, work around, reliance on memory, etc.



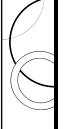
Risk Tolerance

- Continuum ranging from total avoidance of risk to total acceptance
- Tied to mission and organizational governance and leadership
- Understand that you probably can not address all risks identified



Work Plan Development

- Identifying and prioritizing risks creates risk if nothing will be done with the information
- Audits are not corrective action!
- Understand the root cause
- Resources available



Work Plan Development

- Involve stakeholders
- Communicate
- Monitoring and ongoing periodic assessment
- Re-evaluate and reprioritize at next risk assessment



Planning Each Element

- Definable goal (By 12/31/15 testing will demonstrate 100% billing accuracy consistent with the 2-Midnight Rule)
 - ∘ S Specific
 - ∘ M Measurable
 - \circ A Attainable
 - ∘ R Relevant
 - ∘ T Time-Based
- Milestones/Scheduling
- Resources
- Tracking



Coordination

- One work plan or many?
 - ${}^{\circ} \ \text{Compliance Work Plan}$
 - Education Plan
 - ${}^{\circ} \ Compliance \ Audit/Review \ Plan$
 - · Internal Audit Plan
 - $\circ\,$ Others (ERM, Risk, Security, Privacy, etc.)
- Who owns the plan?



Stakeholder Engagement

- Include key stakeholders in Effectiveness Evaluation and Risk Assessment process
- Alignment with operational priorities and strategy
- Consider burden and benefit
- Use your experts
- Communicate Plan and Progress
 - Governing Body
 - Executive Leaders
 - Compliance Committees
 - Departments helping you or doing the work

